EPILEPSY FOUNDATION OF GREATER LOS ANGELES FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Epilepsy Foundation of Greater Los Angeles Los Angeles, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinion*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Epilepsy Foundation of Greater Los Angeles (the Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Pasadena, California December 18, 2023

EPILEPSY FOUNDATION OF GREATER LOS ANGELES STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022			
ASSETS	 				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Receivable	\$ 2,076,538	\$	3,264,861		
Pledges Receivable	139,200 5,000		26,548 17,500		
Investment	1,496,166		-		
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	31,016		35,501		
Property and Equipment, Net	8,538		11,580		
Beneficial Interest in Charitable Perpetual Trust	 1,975,602		1,906,692		
Total Assets	\$ 5,732,060	\$	5,262,682		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 94,059	\$	82,528		
Grants Payable	 320,000		570,000		
Total Liabilities	414,059		652,528		
COMMITMENTS					
NET ASSETS					
Without Donor Restrictions	1,691,738		1,376,660		
With Donor Restrictions	 3,626,263		3,233,494		
Total Net Assets	 5,318,001		4,610,154		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 5,732,060	\$	5,262,682		

EPILEPSY FOUNDATION OF GREATER LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	hout Donor estrictions	ith Donor	Total
REVENUES			
Contributions and Grants Special Events:	\$ 501,575	\$ 47,500	\$ 549,075
Contributions	342,973	382,699	725,672
Special Events Revenues	52,072	762,227	814,299
Less: Costs of Direct Benefits to Donor	(80,832)	(433,372)	(514,204)
Less: Release of Restrictions	150,000	(150,000)	-
Net Special Events Revenues	464,213	561,554	1,025,767
Investment Income, Net	132,723	97,434	230,157
Release of Restrictions	 313,719	 (313,719)	_
Total Revenues	1,412,230	392,769	1,804,999
EXPENSES			
Program Services	836,407	-	836,407
General and Administrative	147,879	-	147,879
Fundraising and Development	 112,866	 	112,866
Total Expenses	 1,097,152	 	 1,097,152
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	315,078	392,769	707,847
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 1,376,660	3,233,494	 4,610,154
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,691,738	\$ 3,626,263	\$ 5,318,001

EPILEPSY FOUNDATION OF GREATER LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	hout Donor estrictions	ith Donor	Total
REVENUES			
Contributions and Grants Special Events:	\$ 386,747	\$ 35,250	\$ 421,997
Contributions	272,639	425,750	698,389
Special Events Revenues	197,945	743,100	941,045
Less: Costs of Direct Benefits to Donor	(97,366)	(270, 235)	(367,601)
Less: Release of Restrictions	150,000	(150,000)	-
Net Special Events Revenues	523,218	748,615	1,271,833
Investment Loss, Net	94,629	(391,975)	(297,346)
Release of Restrictions	 633,665	 (633,665)	<u>-</u> _
Total Revenues	 1,638,259	 (241,775)	 1,396,484
EXPENSES			
Program Services	1,042,698	-	1,042,698
General and Administrative	114,601	-	114,601
Fundraising and Development	 178,548	 _	 178,548
Total Expenses	 1,335,847		1,335,847
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	302,412	(241,775)	60,637
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	1,074,248	 3,475,269	 4,549,517
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,376,660	\$ 3,233,494	\$ 4,610,154

EPILEPSY FOUNDATION OF GREATER LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Program Services										Supporting Services								
	Care- Specialty Services		upportive Services		Advocacy and wareness	E	Public ducation		General	;	Subtotal	Adr	ministrative	_Fu	Fundraising		Fundraising		Total
Salaries Employee Benefits and	\$ 14,905	\$	96,189	\$	87,102	\$	67,312	\$	-	\$	265,508	\$	74,970	\$	38,507	\$	378,985		
Payroll Taxes	2,083		13,440		12,170		9,405		_		37,098		10,475		5,380		52,953		
Subtotal	 16,988		109,629		99,272		76,717		-		302,606		85,445		43,887		431,938		
Donations and Grants Professional Fees and	266,706		3,997		33		25		1,500		272,261		122		15		272,398		
Contract Services	1,034		40,036		59,043		4,670		2,234		107,017		42,182		3,172		152,371		
Occupancy	2,084		13,452		12,181		9,413		· -		37,130		10,484		5,385		52,999		
Equipment Rental and Purchases	115		2,104		670		518		-		3,407		1,320		296		5,023		
Insurance	235		1,515		1,371		1,060		-		4,181		3,610		606		8,397		
Printing, Postage, and Delivery	4		2,001		257		206		33		2,501		115		285		2,901		
Dues, Subscriptions, and Fees	102		1,297		5,441		461		25,197		32,498		714		1,370		34,582		
Supplies	70		1,247		1,143		725		-		3,185		963		357		4,505		
Travel, Training, and																			
Advisory Meetings	218		2,110		7,018		7,711		147		17,204		2,322		1,341		20,867		
Special Events Direct Costs	-		-		52,286		-		-		52,286		-		55,843		108,129		
Depreciation	 120		772		699		540				2,131		602		309		3,042		
Subtotal	 287,676		178,160		239,414		102,046		29,111		836,407		147,879		112,866		1,097,152		
Direct Benefit to Donor		_				_						_			514,204		514,204		
Total Expenses	\$ 287,676	\$	178,160	\$	239,414	\$	102,046	\$	29,111	\$	836,407	\$	147,879	\$	627,070	\$	1,611,356		

EPILEPSY FOUNDATION OF GREATER LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Services									Supporting Services					
	Care- Specialty Services		upportive Services		and wareness	E	Public Education	(General		Subtotal	Administrative		trative Fund		Total
Salaries Employee Benefits and	\$ 13,701	\$	99,142	\$	77,337	\$	78,113	\$	8,973	\$	277,266	\$	74,437	\$	39,748	\$ 391,451
Payroll Taxes	1,985		14,365		11,206		11,318		1,300		40,174		10,785		5,759	56,718
Subtotal	15,686		113,507		88,543		89,431		10,273		317,440		85,222		45,507	448,169
Donations and Grants Professional Fees and	516,700		6,204		-		150		2,025		525,079		-		-	525,079
Contract Services	391		28,932		43,208		2,249		430		75,210		12,047		73,620	160,877
Occupancy	2,181		15,786		12,314		12,437		1,829		44,547		11,852		6,329	62,728
Equipment Rental and Purchases	131		948		739		747		86		2,651		712		380	3,743
Insurance	168		1,219		951		960		110		3,408		3,119		489	7,016
Printing, Postage, and Delivery	4		2,187		79		3,545		1,484		7,299		30		533	7,862
Dues, Subscriptions, and Fees	123		1,872		6,187		725		25,283		34,190		689		1,304	36,183
Supplies	32		2,185		183		989		1,663		5,052		385		131	5,568
Travel, Training, and																
Advisory Meetings	-		791		1,877		3,904		-		6,572		275		317	7,164
Special Events Direct Costs	-		-		20,240		-		-		20,240		-		49,793	70,033
Depreciation	 50		361		282		284		33		1,010		270		145	1,425
Subtotal	535,466		173,992		174,603		115,421		43,216		1,042,698		114,601		178,548	1,335,847
Direct Benefit to Donor	 														367,601	367,601
Total Expenses	\$ 535,466	\$	173,992	\$	174,603	\$	115,421	\$	43,216	\$	1,042,698	\$	114,601	\$	546,149	\$ 1,703,448

EPILEPSY FOUNDATION OF GREATER LOS ANGELES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Change in Net Assets Adjustments to Reconcile Increase in Net Assets to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Unrealized (Gain) Loss on Beneficial Interest	\$ 707,847	\$	60,637		
in Charitable Perpetual Trust Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	(68,910) 3,042		391,975 1,425		
Other Receivable Pledges Receivable Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Grants Payable Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(112,652) 12,500 4,485 11,531 (250,000) 307,843		22,260 (10,000) (6,659) 24,044 (83,000) 400,682		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital Expenditures Purchase of Investments Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(1,496,166) (1,496,166)		(13,005) - (13,005)		
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,188,323)		387,677		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 3,264,861		2,877,184		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,076,538	\$	3,264,861		

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION

The Epilepsy Foundation of Greater Los Angeles (EFGLA) is a nonprofit corporation located in Los Angeles, California. It is a 501(c)(3) charitable organization dedicated solely to serving about 160,000 people living with epilepsy in Los Angeles County and the surrounding counties of San Bernardino, and Ventura. EFGLA is affiliated with the Epilepsy Foundation of America (EFA) which is headquartered in Landover, Maryland. EFGLA has an affiliate agreement with EFA, which EFGLA will provide to EFA membership dues based on 3% of total revenues, as defined in the affiliate agreement, capped at \$25,000 annually.

The Epilepsy Foundation's nationwide mission is to lead the fight to overcome the challenges of living with epilepsy and to accelerate therapies to stop seizures, find cures and save lives. The EFGLA fulfills our mission locally, leading the fight to END EPILEPSY TOGETHER, to overcome challenges created by seizures focusing on specialty care, public education, and awareness and supportive care.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of EFGLA have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting to conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to non-profit educational institutions. Net assets, revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of EFGLA and changes therein have been classified and are reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions - Net assets not subject to donor-imposed stipulations; donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period; and net assets designated by the board of trustees for specific purposes.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions - Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Gains and losses on other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulations or by law.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received and reported in their appropriate net asset group, subject to the existence or absence of donor-imposed stipulations. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value. Conditional promises, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met. During the year ended June 30, 2023, EFGLA did not receive any conditional contributions.

The net income from the Care and Cure Events are primarily restricted for Care and Cure Initiatives-donations and grants (C&C). Each year, at its discretion, the Board may allocate an approved amount to cover certain unrestricted expenditures of EFGLA.

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at fair value, which is measured as the present value of their future cash flows. The discounts on those amounts are computed using risk-adjusted interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are received. Amortization of the discounts is included in contributions revenue.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents include cash in bank and money market mutual funds.

Fair Value Measurements

Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (FASB ASC 820) provides the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted market prices are available in active market for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. A significant adjustment to a Level 2 input could result in the Level 2 measurement becoming a Level 3 measurement.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs are unobservable and shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information available and require significant management judgment or estimation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Investments

EFGLA's invested in U.S. Treasury bonds are stated at fair value. The estimated fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices measured as level 1 investment in the fair value hierarchy. Unrealized gains or losses on investments resulting from fair value fluctuations are recorded in the statements of activities.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, if purchased, or, if donated, at their fair market value at the date of donation. EFGLA capitalizes property and equipment purchases of \$2,000 or more. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Furniture and Equipment 5 Years Website 5 Years

Lease

In February 2016, Accounting Standards Updates (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Updates (ASU) 2016-02, Leases (ASC 842). The new standard increases transparency and comparability among organizations by requiring the recognition of right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position. Most prominent of the changes in the standard is the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases. Under the standard, disclosures are required to meet the objective of enabling users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases.

EFGLA adopted the requirements of the guidance effective June 30, 2023, and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption, through a cumulative effect adjustment, with certain practical expedients available. Lease disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2022, are made under prior lease guidance in FASB ASC 840.

ROU assets represent the EFGLA's right to use underlying assets for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent EFGLA's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. EFGLA has elected to recognize payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expense as incurred, and the leases are not included as ROU assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position. EFGLA has elected to adopt the available practical expedient to use hindsight in determining the lease term and in assessing impairment of its ROU assets.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Lease (Continued)

In evaluating contracts to determine if they qualify as a lease, EFGLA considers factors such as if it has obtained substantially all of the rights to the underlying asset through exclusivity, if they can direct the use of the asset by making decisions about how and for what purpose the asset will be used and if the lessor has substantive substitution rights. This evaluation may require significant judgement.

EFGLA has elected to adopt the package of practical expedients available in the year of adoption. EFGLA elected the available practical expedients to account for existing capital leases and operating leases as finance leases and operating leases, respectively, under the new guidance, without reassessing (a) whether the contracts contain leases under the new standard, (b) whether classification of capital leases or operating leases would be different in accordance with the new guidance, or (c) whether the unamortized initial direct costs before transition adjustments would have met the definition of initial direct costs in the new guidance at lease commencement.

Credit Concentration

EFGLA maintains its cash and investments with recognized financial institutions. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures cash amounts held in banks up to statutory limits. At time, such cash may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Securities Investor Protection Corporation's coverage does not protect against changes in the market value.

EFGLA receives funds, included in contributions and grants, from EFA through participation in EFA's donated clothing poundage contract with an outside vendor for stores located in EFGLA's geographic area. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, these contributions amounted to 20% and 18% of total revenues, respectively. In September 2023, EFGLA was informed by EFA that EFA's donated poundage clothing contract with their outside vendor was ending on January 1, 2024.

Beneficial Interest in Charitable Perpetual Trust

EFGLA is the beneficiary of the Garnier Trust, the assets of which are in the custody of Wells Fargo Bank, as trustee. Net gains and losses related to the beneficial interest are reported as changes in permanently restricted net assets and, in accordance with the trust agreement, as amended, the trustee distributes income of the trust to EFGLA, as defined. Beneficial interest in charitable perpetual trust is valued at the estimated fair value of the underlying investments.

Endowment – Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

EFGLA has adopted an investment policy for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment. Endowment assets include donor-restricted funds (Bodenstein Endowment) that EFGLA must hold in perpetuity. Under EFGLA's policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the Endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of the S&P 500 index while assuming a moderate level of investment risk.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Endowment – Return Objectives and Risk Parameters (Continued)

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, EFGLA relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). EFGLA targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on income-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Endowment Spending Policy

EFGLA has an endowment spending policy to limit spending annually so as to not exceed 5% of its endowment balance with the objective of 2% growth annually for current and future endowments. During the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no spending from the endowment.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of EFGLA's program services and support services have been summarized on a functional basis. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. These allocations are based upon management's evaluations of EFGLA's activities throughout the period.

Income Taxes

EFGLA is recognized as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation Code and is classified by the Internal Revenue Service as other than a private foundation. Qualifying contributions to EFGLA are tax deductible.

GAAP provide accounting and disclosure guidance about positions taken by an organization in its tax returns that might be uncertain. Management has considered its tax positions and believes all of the positions taken by EFGLA are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 18, 2023, the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Except as disclosed within the financial statements, there were no subsequent events that would require adjustment or disclosure in these financial statements.

NOTE 3 LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, EFGLA has the following financial assets available to meet cash need for general expenditures within one year.

	 2023	 2022
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,076,538	\$ 3,264,861
Investments	1,496,166	-
Other Receivable	139,200	26,548
Pledges Receivable	 5,000	 17,500
Subtotal	 3,716,904	3,308,909
Less: Donor Restricted for Specific Purposes	 (1,650,661)	 (1,326,802)
Total	\$ 2,066,243	\$ 1,982,107

NOTE 4 BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN CHARITABLE PERPETUAL TRUST

EFGLA has a 100% beneficial interest in a charitable perpetual trust (Garnier Trust), the assets of which are held in a bank and managed by a third-party trustee. The Garnier Trust is a Level 3 asset in the fair value hierarchy, as described in Note 2.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, EFGLA received distributions of \$97,958, which is included in the unrestricted investment income.

Investment income is as follows for the years ended June 30:

	 2023	 2022
Interest and Dividends	\$ 34,765	\$ 4,514
Investment Income Restricted for C&C	28,524	-
Distributions from Charitable Perpetual Trust	97,958	90,115
Unrealized Income (Loss) on Beneficial Interest		
in Charitable Perpetual Trust, Net	 68,910	 (391,975)
Total Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 230,157	\$ (297,346)

The following table summarizes the activity for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs for the years ended June 30:

Balance as of July 1, 2021	\$ 2,298,667
Change in Value	(391,975)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 1,906,692
Change in Value	68,910
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$ 1,975,602

NOTE 5 NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions are available for the following purposes at June 30:

	2023	2022
Purpose Restricted:	 	 _
Care and Cure	\$ 1,258,030	\$ 951,171
Lizzie Saft Fund - Education/Training/Camp	283,830	294,330
Education-Digital Platform/Resources	20,301	15,301
Feldhorn Fund	25,000	15,000
Larry Palmer Foundation-Camp	12,500	-
Respite Care	10,000	10,000
Maintain in Perpetuity		
Bodenstein Endowment Fund (Income to Be Used		
for Education Purposes)	41,000	41,000
Garnier Trust (Income to Be Used for Any Program		
or Activity of EFGLA)	1,975,602	1,906,692
Total	\$ 3,626,263	\$ 3,233,494

Net assets were released from donor restrictions during the years by incurring expenses satisfying their restricted purposes or by the occurrence of other events specified by donors as follows:

	 2023	 2022
Care and Cure	\$ 283,219	\$ 606,966
Lizzie Saft Fund - Education/Training/Camp	10,500	2,000
Education-Digital Platform/Resources	5,000	14,699
Feldhorn Fund	 15,000	 10,000
Total Net Assets Released from Restriction	\$ 313,719	\$ 633,665

NOTE 6 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PROGRAMS

EFGLA adopted a 403(b) defined contribution retirement plan (the Plan). Employer contributions is at EFGLA' discretion. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, EFGLA did not make any employer contributions.

NOTE 7 DONATIONS AND GRANTS

From proceeds of the annual Care and Cure Benefit events, EFGLA supported Care and Cure initiatives. These initiatives include grants to support fellows, faculty and specialty programs at various hospitals and universities which provide pediatric epilepsy specialty care and conduct pediatric epilepsy research. EFGLA accrues liabilities for the grants upon signing of the grant agreement.

NOTE 7 DONATIONS AND GRANTS (CONTINUED)

Total grants and donations for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Hospital/University	Number of Active Grants	Outstanding Balance on Active Grants		<u>E</u>	Expense	
University of California - Los Angeles Children's Hospital of Los Angeles Total Grants	1 1 3	\$	320,000 - 320,000	\$	266,700 266,700	
Other Donations Total Grants and Donations				\$	5,698 272,398	

Total grants and donations for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Hospital/University	Number of Active Grants	Outstanding Balance on Active Grants		<u>E</u>	Expense	
University of California - Los Angeles University of Michigan Children's Hospital of Los Angeles Total Grants	1 1 1 3	\$	320,000 250,000 - 570,000	\$	250,000 266,700 516,700	
Other Donations Total Grants and Donations				\$	8,379 525,079	

In February 2021, EFGLA signed a Statement of Intent with Children's Hospital of Los Angeles to fund the pediatric epilepsy genetics endowment fund program over a period of six years for total gift intent of \$1,600,000. The Statement of Intent expires annually on June 30 and EFGLA intends to execute a new Statement of Intent on an annual basis until such time as the entirety of the gift intent is fulfilled. However, if EFGLA does not renew, it has no further financial obligation. EFGLA's gift under this Statement of Intent was \$266,700 for each of the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

NOTE 8 LEASE

EFGLA has an operating lease agreement to rent an office space. Monthly rent on the lease was approximately \$6,400 expired October 2022. In October 2022, EFGLA entered into a new operating lease agreement to rent an office space for one year for \$3,500 per month.

NOTE 9 EMPLOYEE RETENTION TAX CREDIT

The CARES Act provides an employee retention credit (ERC), which is a refundable tax credit against certain employment taxes of up to \$5,000 per employee for eligible employers. The tax credit is equal to 50% of qualified wages paid to employees during a quarter, capped at \$10,000 of qualified wages per employee through December 31, 2020. Additional relief provisions were passed by the United States government, which extend and slightly expand the qualified wage caps on these credits through December 31, 2021. Based on these additional provisions, the tax credit is now equal to 70% of qualified wages paid to employees during a quarter, and the limit on qualified wages per employee has been increased to \$10,000 of qualified wages per quarter. EFGLA applied for the credit and recognized revenue of \$116,727 during the year ended June 30, 2023 and it's included in contributions and grant revenue and accounts receivable in the accompanying financial statements. The entire balance of ERC receivable was collected subsequent to year end.

The Small Business Administration may review funding eligibility and usage of funds for compliance with program requirements based on dollar thresholds and other factors. The amount of liability, if any, from potential noncompliance cannot be determined with certainty; however, management is of the opinion that any review will not have a material adverse impact on EFGLA's financial position.

